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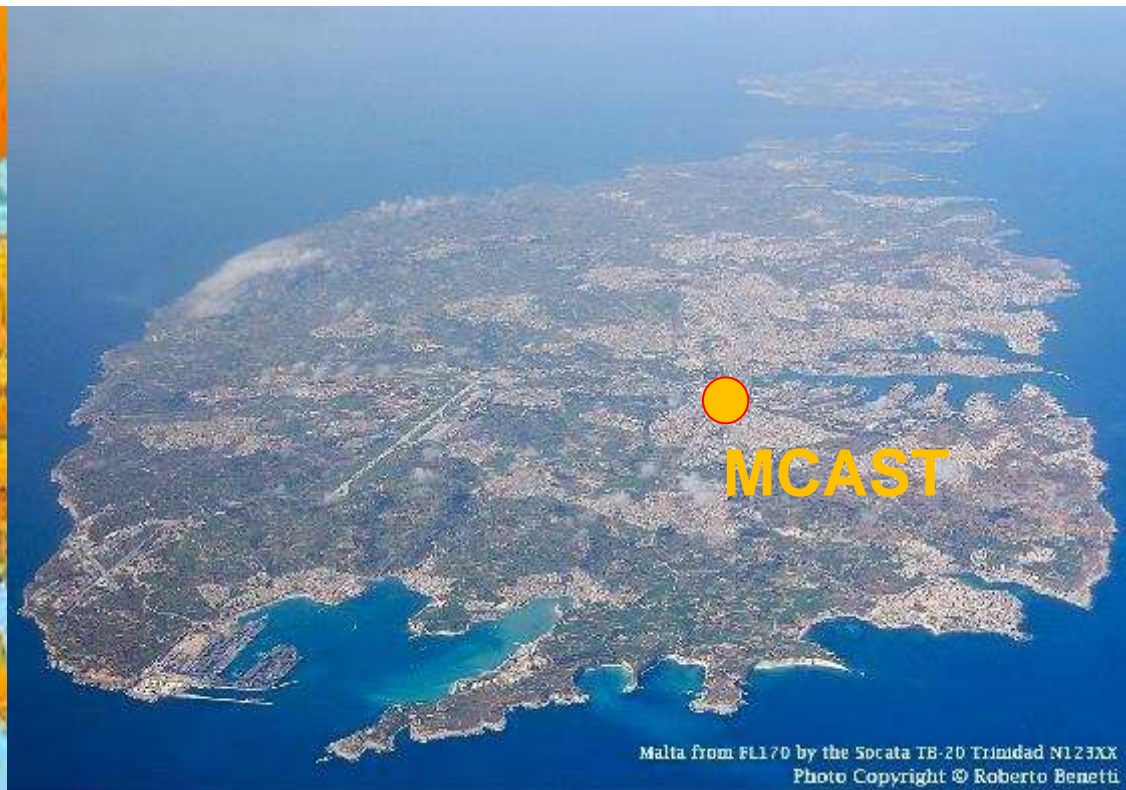
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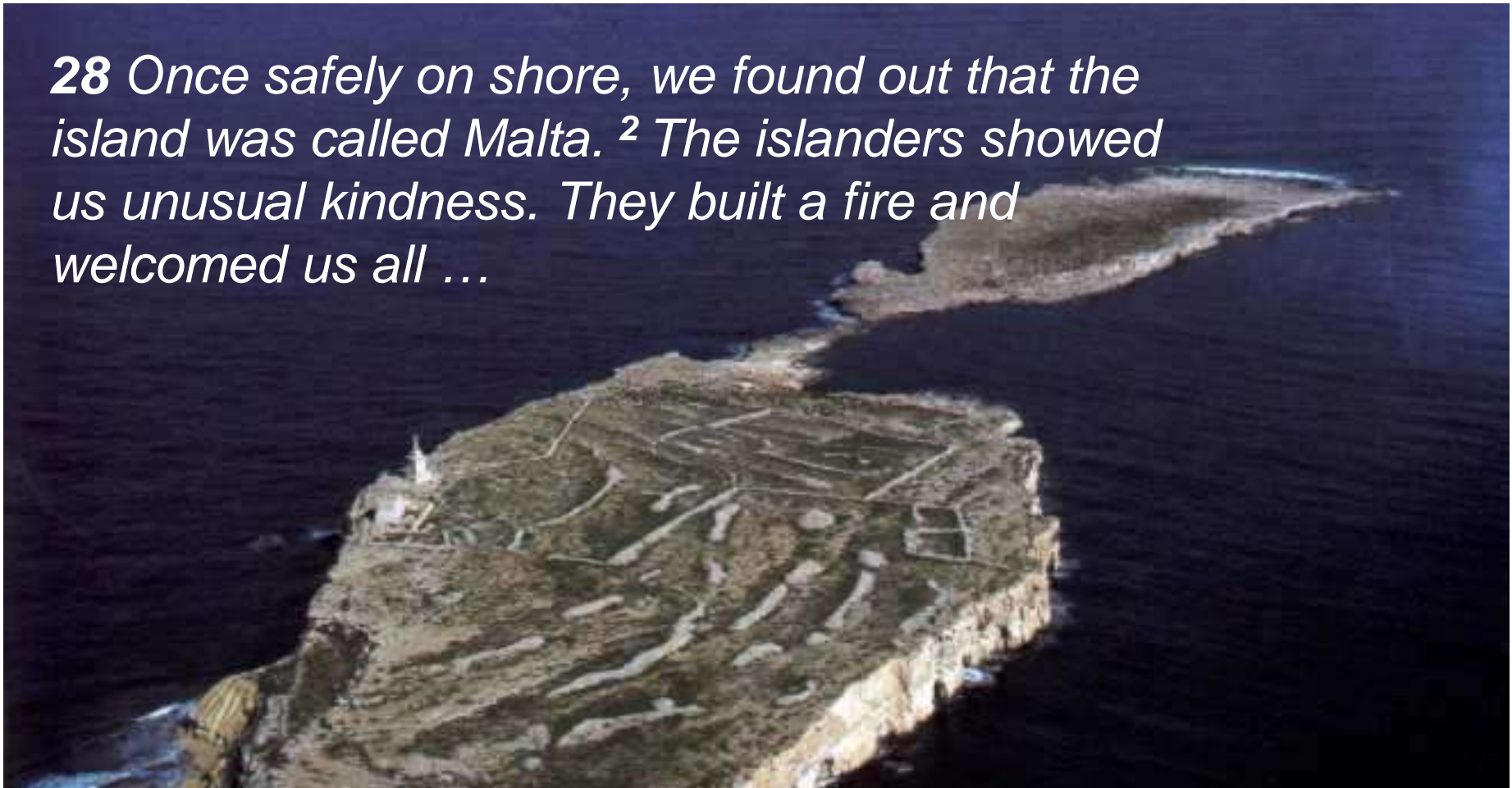
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Malta from FL170 by the Sorata TB-20 Trinidad N123XX
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28 Once safely on shore, we found out that the island was called Malta. ² The islanders showed us unusual kindness. They built a fire and welcomed us all ...





September Independence Day, Notte Bianca Valletta, St Francis of Assisi, Sliema

October Lady of the Rosary, Gudja & Tarxien, Mdina Grand Prix, Birgu Festival, Mdina Festival, Our Lady of Good Health, Rabat, Rolex Middle Sea Race



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ANALYSIS

Economic assessment of solar electricity production from organic-based photovoltaic modules in a domestic environment

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The primary driver for development of organic photovoltaic (OPV) technologies is the prospect of very low cost module manufacture leading to affordable solar electricity. This paper presents an economic assessment of OPV based on an existing pre-industrial manufacturing process and the associated detailed material inventory. Using life cycle costing techniques, the life cycle investment cost for a 1 kW_p grid-connected OPV system is calculated, taking into account the materials, direct project energy, labour, balance of system components, design and maintenance costs. Advancing values for the performance ratio of the PV system, insulation level, inflation and interest rates, the levelised electricity cost (LEC) is calculated. Under an average solar irradiation of 1700 kWh/year, typical of southern Europe, a LEC of between 0.19 €/kWh and 0.30 €/kWh was calculated for a 1 kW_p system, based on modules containing 7% efficient cells and assuming a 5 year module lifetime. The OPV module is found to make up the majority of the system cost while the material costs constitute the largest contribution to the cost of the OPV module. The influence of OPV module lifetime is studied using sensitivity. This paper demonstrates that competitive solar electricity from OPV is within reach if efficiencies of ca. 7% already demonstrated at lab scale devices can be achieved in large area modules and if lifetimes of at least 5 years can be achieved.

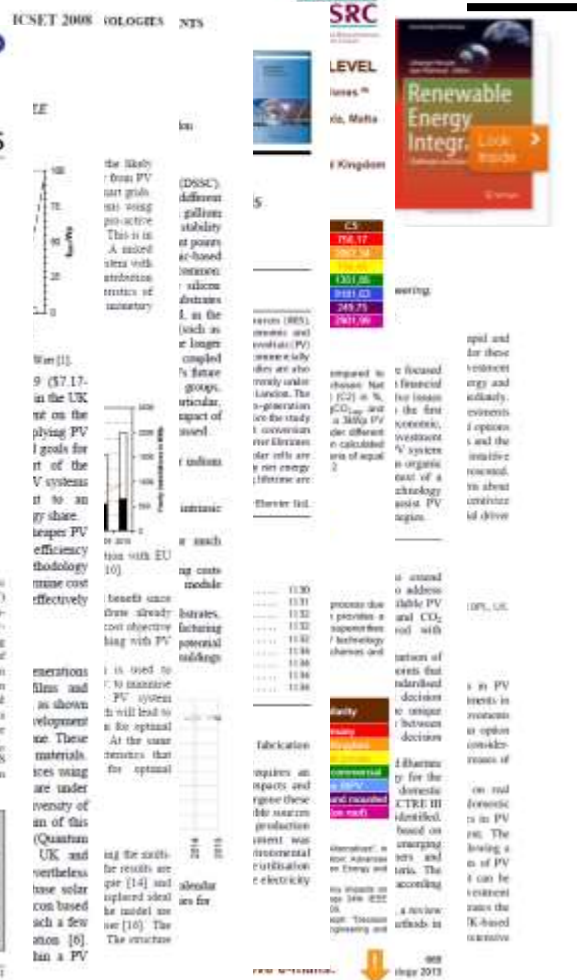
1.0 Introduction

This film photovoltaic modules based on solution processable organic semiconductors are attracting intense interest as

a possible alternative to conventional thin film photovoltaic approaches.¹ The attraction of the organic photovoltaic (OPV) approach lies in the potential for very low-cost module manufacture, in comparison with both water-based silicon and inorganic thin films, achieved by adapting high throughput printing and coating techniques, and in the potentially disruptive effect of the new technology on the PV market. Inorganic thin film technologies already offer potential for cost reductions in comparison with water based silicon through lower energy and material consumption during manufacture.² Analysis suggests that in the near future, production costs of 0.95 €/W_p should be achievable for a-Si modules with efficiencies of 10%, 1.0 €/W_p for CdTe modules of 12% efficiency, and 1.2 €/W_p for CIGS modules of 14% efficiency.³ Relative to these inorganic thin film

Broader context

Organic Photovoltaic (OPV) are often cited as the answer to low cost and tunable solar electricity. However, until now there has been little research on the economic assessment of OPV and so this article has set the evidence to contribute it. This paper presents an economic assessment of OPV based on an existing pre-industrial manufacturing process which has previously been analysed from an environmental life cycle perspective. Together these studies provide evidence to support the argument that OPV can provide affordable solar power through low-energy and low-cost manufacture. The ability to compare the net profit of OPV with conventional PV systems is essential in realising the potential of this technology, and even in the capacity of the PV market as a whole.



The collage contains several key elements:

- Renewable Energy Integr.:** A book cover with the title 'Renewable Energy Integr.' and a 'Look Inside' button.
- LEVEL Chart:** A vertical bar chart with a color gradient from blue to red, labeled 'LEVEL' and 'RC10.17'.
- Dynamic Article Links:** A section with a circular icon and the text 'Dynamic Article Links'.
- Technical Diagrams:** Various graphs and diagrams, including one showing 'the likely (best) PV start grid' and another showing 'the likely (best) PV start grid'.
- Data Tables:** Several tables with numerical data, including one with columns for 'Energy', 'Cost', and 'Efficiency'.
- Text Snippets:** Various short text fragments and phrases scattered throughout the collage.

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